## SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Solitude Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Solitude Metropolitan District (District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Solitude Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information is listed in the table of contents and does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

SCHILLING & Company, INC.

Highlands Ranch, Colorado July 23, 2024



#### SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

	Governmenta Activities					
ASSETS						
Cash and investments - restricted	\$ 36,760					
Due from county treasurer	910					
Property taxes receivable	521,010					
Accounts receivable - water fees	755					
Prepaid expenses	455					
Capital assets, net	2,407,160					
Total assets	2,967,050					
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	32,222					
Accrued interest on long-term obligations	59,586					
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year	7,778,382					
Due in more than one year	1,850,000					
Total liabilities	9,720,190					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property tax revenue	521,010					
Total deferred inflows of resources	521,010					
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Net investment in capital assets	(1,361,140)					
Restricted:						
Emergency reserves	2,800					
Unrestricted	(5,915,810)					
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (7,274,150)					

## SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2023

**Net (Expense)** 

			Program Revenues							Revenue and Change in Net Position	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contribution		Capital ants and atribution	Governmental Activities		
Primary government:											
Governmental activities:	Ф	220.700	Ф	14.610	Ф	60.000	Ф		Ф	(1.6.4.000)	
General government	\$	238,700	\$	14,610	\$	60,000	\$	-	\$	(164,090)	
Interest and expenses on long-term debt		678,040						20,000	-	(658,040)	
	\$	916,740	\$	14,610	\$	60,000		20,000		(822,130)	
	Ge										
	P	roperty taxe	S							151,825	
	S	pecific own	ership	taxes						14,079	
	Iı	nterest								561	
		Total gen	eral re	evenues						166,465	
	Change in net position									(655,665)	
		t position (d		_		ear				(6,618,485)	
	Ne	t position (d	eficit)	- end of y	ear				\$	(7,274,150)	

#### SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

	(	General		Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	Φ.		Φ.	26.760	Φ	26.760	
Cash and investments - restricted	\$	- 0.1	\$	36,760	\$	36,760	
Due from county treasurer		91		819		910	
Accounts receivable		755		-		755	
Property taxes receivable		52,101		468,909		521,010	
Prepaid expenditures		455		-		455	
Due from other funds	_	-		6,072	_	6,072	
Total assets	\$	53,402	\$	512,560	\$	565,962	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	32,072	\$	150	\$	32,222	
Due to other funds		6,072		-		6,072	
Total liabilities		38,144		150		38,294	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred property tax revenue		52,101		468,909		521,010	
Total deferred inflows of resources		52,101		468,909		521,010	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid expenditures		455		-		455	
Restricted:		• 000				• • • • •	
Emergency reserves		2,800		<del>-</del>		2,800	
Debt service		-		43,501		43,501	
Unassigned		(40,098)		<del>-</del>		(40,098)	
Total fund balances (deficit)		(36,843)		43,501		6,658	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$	53,402	\$	512,560			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state different because:	ment	of net positi	ion ar	e			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are nare not reported in the funds.	not fii	nancial resou	irces :	and, therefor	e,	2,407,160	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the	e curr	ent period a	nd,				
therefore, are not in the funds:							
Long-term obligations						(4,770,000)	
Unpaid and compounded interest on long		n obligations	;			(4,858,382)	
Accrued interest on long-term obligation	S					(59,586)	
Net position (deficit) of governmental a	\$	(7,274,150)					

## SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES	Φ 15.102	Φ 126.642	Φ 151.025		
Property taxes	\$ 15,183	\$ 136,642	\$ 151,825		
Specific ownership taxes	1,408	12,671	14,079		
Water meter fees	14,610	- 520	14,610		
Interest	31	530	561		
Water facility fees	60,000	20,000	80,000		
Total revenues	91,232	169,843	261,075		
EXPENDITURES					
<u>General</u>					
Audit	16,430	=	16,430		
County treasurer fees	228	2,054	2,282		
District management and accounting	43,850	-	43,850		
Dues and memberships	382	-	382		
Elections	275	-	275		
Insurance and bonds	7,885	-	7,885		
Legal	7,385	-	7,385		
Miscellaneous	150	-	150		
Repairs and maintenance	36,805	-	36,805		
Utilities	40,250	-	40,250		
<u>Debt service</u>					
Bond interest	-	157,541	157,541		
Paying agent fees		150	150		
Total expenditures	153,640	159,745	313,385		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(62,408)	10,098	(52,310)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers (to) from other funds	85,000	(85,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	85,000	(85,000)	<u> </u>		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	22,592	(74,902)	(52,310)		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	(59,435)	118,403	58,968		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (36,843)	\$ 43,501	\$ 6,658		

# SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - Total governmental funds	(5	52,310)	)
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Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.

However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Depreciation expense (83,006)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Net change in	accrued interest	t on long-term liabilitie	es (520,349)
			()/

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (655,665)

# SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **GENERAL FUND**

#### Year Ended December 31, 2023

	<b>Budget Amounts</b>					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	15,182	\$	15,182	\$	15,183	\$	1	
Specific ownership taxes		1,063		1,408		1,408		-	
Water meter fees		30,000		60,000		60,000		-	
Water fees		-		14,000		14,610		610	
Interest		50		35		31		(4)	
Total revenues		46,295		90,625		91,232		607	
EXPENDITURES									
Audit		5,500		16,500		16,430		70	
County treasurer fees		228		228		228		-	
Directors' fees		500		-		-		-	
District management and accounting		20,000		44,000		43,850		150	
Dues and memberships		1,000		400		382		18	
Elections		-		300		275		25	
Insurance and bonds		7,000		7,885		7,885		-	
Legal		18,000		7,500		7,385		115	
Miscellaneous		1,500		200		150		50	
Repairs and maintenance		40,000		37,000		36,805		195	
Utilities		40,000		40,500		40,250		250	
Emergency reserve		4,100		_		_		-	
Total expenditures		137,828		154,513		153,640		873	
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES									
OVER REVENUES		(91,533)		(63,888)		(62,408)		1,480	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Developer contributions		70,000		125,000		-		(125,000)	
Transfer from other funds						85,000		85,000	
Total other financing sources		70,000		125,000		85,000		(40,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(21,533)		61,112		22,592		(38,520)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) -									
BEGINNING OF YEAR		26,534		(59,435)		(59,435)			
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	5,001	\$	1,677	\$	(36,843)	\$	(38,520)	
END OF I LAK	Ф	3,001	Ф	1,0//	Φ	(30,043)	Ф	(30,320)	

#### **NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY**

Solitude Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado was organized in November 2002 and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Douglas County, Colorado. The District was established to finance, design, acquire and construct a central water system including all improvements, water rights, wells, water storage, treatment and storm drainage improvements.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other District organization nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditures for property and equipment are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds, notes and developer advances are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property and specific ownership taxes. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation paid. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal, interest and related expenses on the long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The District has amended the General Fund annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at historical cost or acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Water & storm drainage system

30 years

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the county assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the county commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The county treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The county treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District. Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The revenue continues to be recognized when earned in the government-wide statements. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The District's governmental fund balances may consist of five classifications based on the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance - the amount of fund balance that is not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - the amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance - amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the District Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District Board of Directors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments - restricted Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	36,760 36,760
Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 consist of the following:		
Deposits with financial institutions	\$	36,760
Total cash and investments	\$	36,760

#### **Cash Deposits**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$36,760.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Investments**

#### **Credit Risk**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- \* Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities and the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- . Certain securities and lending agreements
- . Certain corporate bonds
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) above, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

The District had no investments as of December 31, 2023.

#### **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

Consummental Activities	Balance December 31, 2022	I.		Decreases/		Balance December 31,			
Governmental Activities			icreases	<b>Transfers</b>	_	2023			
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 2,490,166	\$	-	\$ (2,490,166	<u>(</u>	\$ -			
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,490,166		-	(2,490,166	<u>(i)</u>				
Capital assets, being depreciated: Water and storm drainage system				2,490,166	_	2,490,166			
Total capital assets being depreciated	-		-	2,490,166	,	2,490,166			
Less accumulated depreciation for:			(02.006)			(02.00.6)			
Water and storm drainage system	-		(83,006)	-		(83,006)			
Total accumulated depreciation	-		(83,006)			(83,006)			
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 2,490,166	\$	(83,006)	\$ -	_	\$ 2,407,160			

Certain capital assets owned by the District may be transferred to other governmental entities. Depreciation is recorded for District assets when such assets are placed in service.

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance cember 31, 2022	A	dditions	 tirements/ justments	Balance cember 31, 2023	_	ue Within One Year
Senior G.O. Limited Tax Bonds,	_				 _		
Series 2006:							
Principal	\$ 3,520,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,520,000	\$	2,920,000
Unpaid and compounded interest	1,919,918		286,294	(63,041)	2,143,171		2,143,171
Subordinate G.O. Limited Tax Bonds,							
Series 2006							
Principal	1,250,000		-	-	1,250,000		-
Unpaid and compounded interest	2,421,492		293,719		2,715,211		2,715,211
	\$ 9,111,410	\$	580,013	\$ (63,041)	\$ 9,628,382	\$	7,778,382

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)**

### Senior General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2006

On June 12, 2006, the District issued Senior General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2006 (Senior Bonds) in the principal amount of \$3,750,000 and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2006 (Subordinate Bonds) in the principal amount of \$1,250,000, (collectively the 2006 Bonds). The 2006 Bonds are term bonds that were issued for the purpose of providing funds to (i) acquire water improvements and stormwater improvements, (ii) provide capitalized interest for the payment of a portion of the Senior Bonds, (iii) fund a reserve account for the Senior Bonds and (iv) pay the costs associated with the issuance of the 2006 Bonds.

The 2006 Bonds are payable from the following sources, after payment of the costs of collection: (i) property taxes derived from the limited debt service mill levy, (ii) the portion of the specific ownership taxes which are collected as a result of the imposition of the required mill levy, (iii) water facility fees (currently \$35,000 per lot) in excess of amounts allocated to the General Fund, (not to exceed \$50,000 per year), and (iv) any other legally available funds of the District.

The limited debt service mill levy is not to exceed 50 mills, subject to adjustments related to future changes in the method of calculating the District's assessed valuation. Interest on the 2006 Bonds is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 at 7.00% for the Senior Bonds and 8.00% for the Subordinate Bonds, with principal for the 2006 Bonds due each December 1. The Senior Bonds mature on December 1, 2026 and the Subordinate Bonds mature December 1, 2028. Payments of principal and interest on the Subordinate Bonds are to be made only if there are sufficient pledged revenues available after payment of principal and interest on the Senior Bonds.

Significant events of default under the 2006 Bonds include (i) failure to impose the limited mill levy or apply pledged revenue as required, (ii) payment of principal and/or interest is not made when due, (iii) failure to meet financial or bond resolution covenants and (iv) filing of a petition for bankruptcy. Immediately upon the occurrence and continuance of an event of default, the bondholders have rights or remedies including the right to file a suit for judgment, action or special proceedings. A portion of the 2006 Bonds proceeds were used to establish a required reserve account in the amount of \$180,000. As of December 31, 2023, the reserve account balance was \$0.

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)**

The following table sets forth the estimated debt service payment schedule for the principal and interest on the 2006 Bonds:

Year	Principal	Principal Interest Tota	
2024	\$ 2,920,000	\$ 2,589,281	\$ 5,509,281 *
2025	415,000	142,000	557,000
2026	445,000	112,950	557,950
2027	475,000	79,200	554,200
2028	515,000	41,200	556,200
	\$ 4,770,000	\$ 2,964,631	\$ 7,734,631

<sup>\*</sup>Includes \$2,530,000 of past due principal and \$2,419,981 of past due unpaid interest as of December 31, 2023. In addition to the estimated debt service above, as of December 31, 2023 there was compounded interest payable of \$2,438,401 on the unpaid principal and interest amounts.

#### **Authorized Debt**

As of December 31, 2023, the District had no authorized but unissued indebtedness as the service plan limited the debt authorization to \$5,000,000.

#### **NOTE 6 – FUND EQUITY**

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$455 represents prepaid expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year and therefore not in a spendable form.

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$2,800 is comprised of the emergency reserves that have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 10).

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$43,501 is to be used exclusively for debt service requirements (see Note 5).

#### **NOTE 6 – FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)**

#### **Unassigned Fund Deficit**

The District anticipates that the unassigned deficit balance of \$40,098 in the General Fund will be eliminated with developer contributions or future revenues.

#### **NOTE 7 - NET POSITION**

The District's net position consists of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets owned by the District, net of accumulated depreciation, if applicable, and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. As of December 31, 2023, the District had a net deficit invested in capital assets in the amount of \$1,361,140.

The restricted portion of the net position include amounts that are restricted either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District's restricted net position as of December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	<u> </u>	Activities	
Restricted net position:			
TABOR emergency reserve (Note 10)	\$	3 2	2,800
	\$	5 2	2,800

Carramanantal

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's unrestricted net deficit as of December 31, 2023 totaled \$5,915,810 primarily due to capital improvements that were funded with long-term debt that have been dedicated to other entities, while the long-term debt remains an obligation of the District.

#### **NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTIES**

The members of the board of directors of the District are employees, owners or associated with the Developer of the District and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Developer made no contributions to the District.

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees or acts of God. The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members.

Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments, except Enterprise.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Revenues (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 5, 2002, the eligible electors of the District approved the following ballot measure:

Shall Solitude Metropolitan District's taxes be increased up to \$120,000 annually (for collection in calendar year 2003) and by such additional amounts raised annually thereafter by an ad valorem property tax mill levy imposed at a rate of five (5) mills to pay the costs of the District's operations, maintenance, landscape maintenance and other expenses; and shall the revenue from such taxes constitute permanent voter-approved revenue changes within the meaning of the article x, section 20 of the Colorado constitution and constitute an exception to the limitations set forth in section 29-1-301 of the Colorado revised statutes or any other statue or constitutional provision?

#### **NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)**

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

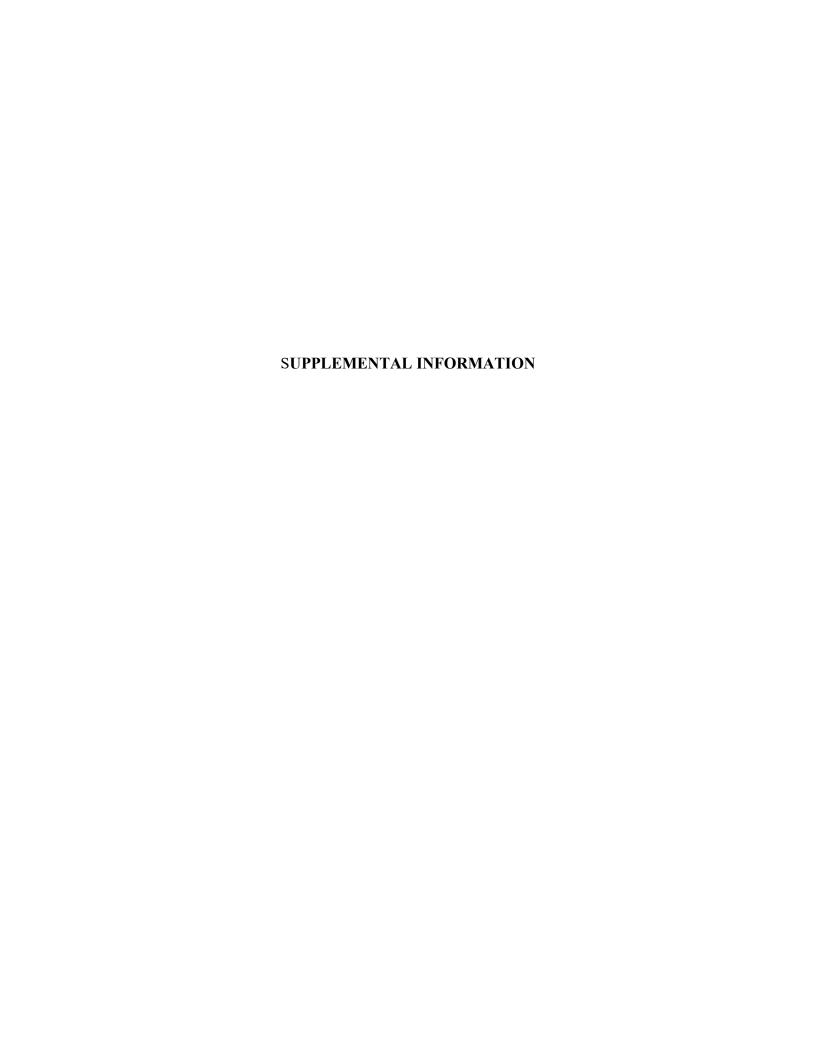
#### **NOTE 11 – TRANSFERS**

During 2023, the Debt Service Fund made transfers to the General Fund related to water facility fees collected in 2021 and 2022 in the amount of \$50,000 and \$35,000, respectively, for the purpose of paying lawful expenditures of the District, other than capital expenditures, as allowed under the 2006 Bonds resolution and as approved by the District's board of directors.

#### **NOTE 12 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY**

The District has not yet established a revenue base sufficient to pay the District's operational expenditures. Until an independent revenue base is established, continuation of operations in the District will be dependent upon funding by the developer to advance funds for operations.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.



# SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	_ a	Priginal nd Final		Actual	Variance with		
	Budg	et Amounts	Amounts		Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	136,641	\$	136,642	\$	1	
Specific ownership taxes		9,565		12,671		3,106	
Facility fees		210,000		20,000		(190,000)	
Interest		350		530		180	
Total revenues		356,556		169,843		(186,713)	
EXPENDITURES							
Bond interest		434,290		157,541		276,749	
County treasurer fees		2,050		2,054		(4)	
Paying agent fees		300		150		150	
Total expenditures		436,640		159,745		276,895	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(80,084)		10,098		90,182	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfer to other funds		-		(85,000)		(85,000)	
Total other financing uses		-		(85,000)		(85,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(80,084)		(74,902)		5,182	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		80,524		118,403		37,879	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	440	\$	43,501	\$	43,061	



# SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2023

# \$3,750,000 Series 2006 Senior General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds Dated June 12, 2006 Interest Rate of 7.00% Payable on June 1 and December 1, Principal Due December 1

<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest	<b>Total</b>
2024	\$ 2,920,000	\$ 989,281	\$ 3,909,281 *
2025	415,000	42,000	457,000
2026	185,000	12,950	197,950
	\$ 3,520,000	\$ 1,044,231	\$ 4,564,231

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$2,530,000 of past due principal and \$919,981 of past due interest as of December 31, 2023. In addition to the estimated debt service above, as of December 31, 2023 there was compounded interest payable of \$1,223,190 on the unpaid principal and interest amounts.

# \$1,250,000 Series 2006 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds Dated June 12, 2006 Interest Rate of 8.00% Payable on June 1 and December 1, Principal Due December 1

Year	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ -	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,600,000 **
2025	-	100,000	100,000
2026	260,000	100,000	360,000
2027	475,000	79,200	554,200
2028	515,000	41,200	556,200
	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,920,400	\$ 3,170,400

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes unpaid interest of \$1,500,000 as of December 31, 2023. In addition, to the estimated debt service above, as of December 31, 2023 there was compounded interest payable of \$1,215,211 on the unpaid principal and interest amounts.

#### SOLITUDE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2023

Year Ended	V for	Prior ar Assessed Valuation r Current ar Property			Total Proj			Percentage Collected
December 31,	<u> </u>	Tax Levy	Mills Levied	<b>Levied Collected</b>			Collected	to Levied
2014	\$	2,990	50.000	\$	150	\$	149	99.33%
2015	\$	2,990	50.000	\$	150	\$	161	107.33%
2016	\$	3,230	50.000	\$	161	\$	162	100.62%
2017	\$	3,230	50.000	\$	162	\$	162	100.00%
2018	\$	7,090	50.000	\$	355	\$	355	100.00%
2019	\$	168,350	50.000	\$	8,418	\$	8,418	100.00%
2020	\$	924,380	50.000	\$	46,219	\$	46,219	100.00%
2021	\$	943,770	50.000	\$	47,189	\$	47,189	100.00%
2022	\$	3,077,890	50.000	\$	153,894	\$	153,894	100.00%
2023	\$	3,036,470	50.000	\$	151,823	\$	151,825	100.00%
Estimated for the year ending December 31,		0.400.400		4				
2024	\$1	0,420,190	50.000	\$	521,010			

#### **NOTE:**

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.